

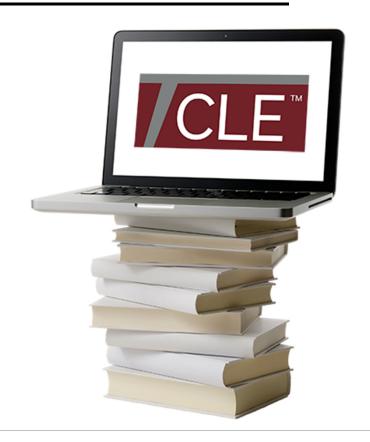
Landmark Tax Court Self-Employment Tax Decision; Post-Mortem Planning for Business Owners; Reimbursing Deemed Owner of Grantor Trust

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Overview

- Landmark Tax Court Self-Employment Tax Decision
- Post-Mortem Planning for Business Owners
- Reimbursing Taxes Paid by Deemed Owner of Grantor Trust



Landmark Tax Court Self-Employment Tax Decision



- Self-Employment Tax and LLCs
- Renkemeyer
- CCA 201436049
- Methvin
- Hardy
- Fleischer





- Issues When Those Receiving The Business After Death Or Trust Termination Do Not Receive The Residue Of The Estate Of The Person Paying Taxes Before Death Or Trust Termination
- Quick Funding of QSSTs S Stock or Create SCorp to Hold Partnership Interest
- But Beware Liability for Distributing Before Estate Tax Paid





- See III.B.2.I Tax Allocations upon Change of Interest in a Business, especially III.B.2.I.ii.(d) Death of a Shareholder and III.B.2.I.iii.(c) Death of a Partner — Treated Like a Transfer of a Partner's Entire Interest. Consider planning opportunities for allocations in the year of death or when funding bequests.
- Obtaining an inside basis step-up on death. See II.Q.8.e.iii Inside Basis Step-Up (or Step-Down) Applies to Partnerships and Generally Not C or S Corporations. (Pre-mortem planning includes II.H.2.i Avoiding a Basis Step-Down.)





II.Q.8.e.i and II.Q.8.e.iv Distributing a partnership interest when funding bequests:

- Provides an opportunity to:
 - obtain an inside basis step-up (especially if the partnership did not make the requisite election on or before the partnership's taxable year that included date of death), and
 - make new partnership elections, but
- It also might cause depreciation periods to start again (which could significantly defer depreciation for real estate).





See also III.B.2.e.ii Tax ID Issues When the Deemed Owner of a Grantor Trust Dies; Related Effect on Quarterly Payments of Estimated Income Tax.





Partnership vs. S Corporation

- Some say they are equivalent, but they are not
- Transfer of partnership interest by sale or death allows buyer or beneficiary to get inside and outside basis step-up
- Basis step-up → more depreciation/less gain on sale if partnership sells assets
- S corporation <u>might</u> replicate if it sells all assets <u>and</u> liquidates in the same year





Part II.H.8.

Sale to Third Party (Zero basis, \$1M value)

Proceeds from sale \$1M

Basis of real estate \$ 0

Gain on K-1 <u>\$1M</u>





Sale to Third Party (Zero basis, \$1M value)

Stock basis after death \$1M

Gain on K-1 \$1M

Stock basis after sale of real estate \$2M





Sale to Third Party (Zero basis, \$1M value)

Liquidation proceeds \$ 1M

Stock basis (<u>\$ 2M</u>)

Loss on liquidation (<u>\$ 1M</u>)





Sale to Third Party (Zero basis, \$1M value)

Long-term capital gain on K-1 \$ 1M

Long-term capital loss on liquidation (\$ 1M)

Net long-term capital gain (loss) \$ 0





 Sale to Third Party Required If Depreciable or Amortizable Property

State Income Tax Disconnect



Reimbursing Taxes Paid by **Deemed Owner of Grantor Trust**

- Grantor Trusts
- consider retaining a sizable portion of the asset being transferred
- Tax Reimbursement and Bankruptcy Abuse and Prevention Act of 2005
- Letter Ruling 201647001





Conclusion

- July 11 webinar for Second Quarter Newsletter
- Blog: <u>Business Succession Solutions</u>
- Reports on Heckerling: <u>http://www.thompsoncoburn.com/forms/gorin-heckerling</u>

